

Log Rate vs. pH Linear Relationship

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Response: To find the correct graph representing $\log(\text{Initial rate})$ versus pH, we can derive the relationship using chemical kinetics:

1. Rate Equation for the Elementary Reaction

Since the reaction $A(aq) + H_3O^+(aq) \rightarrow B^+(aq)$ is **elementary**, its rate law directly follows its stoichiometry:

$$\text{Initial Rate } (R) = k[A][H_3O^+]$$

Where:

- k is the rate constant (constant at a fixed temperature).
- $[A]$ is constant as specified in the problem.

2. Expressing in Logarithmic Form

Taking the base-10 logarithm ($\log$) of both sides of the rate equation:

$$\log(R) = \log(k) + \log([A]) + \log([H_3O^+])$$

3. Incorporating pH

By definition, $\text{pH} = -\log([H_3O^+])$, which means $\log([H_3O^+]) = -\text{pH}$.

Substituting this into the logarithmic rate equation:

$$\log(R) = (\log(k) + \log([A])) - \text{pH}$$

Since $\log(k) + \log([A])$ is a constant (C):

$$\log(R) = -\text{pH} + C$$

Conclusion

Comparing this equation to the equation of a straight line, $y = mx + c$:

- **y-axis:** $\log(\text{Initial rate})$
- **x-axis:** pH
- **Slope (m):** -1 (a negative linear relationship)

The graph of $\log(\text{Initial rate})$ versus pH is a **straight line with a negative slope**.

Correct Answer: (5)
